

Your Presenters...

Merril Dougherty

***INDOT, Hydraulics
Unit Supervisor***

David Finley

CTE Engineers, Inc.

CTE	AECOM
-----	-------

Part One: Culvert Hydraulics...

We need to begin with Open Channel Hydraulics...

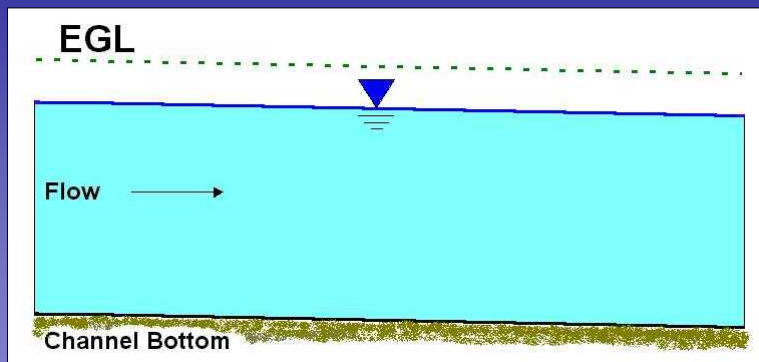
Why?



Well, how do you
define Open
Channel Flow?

Gravity

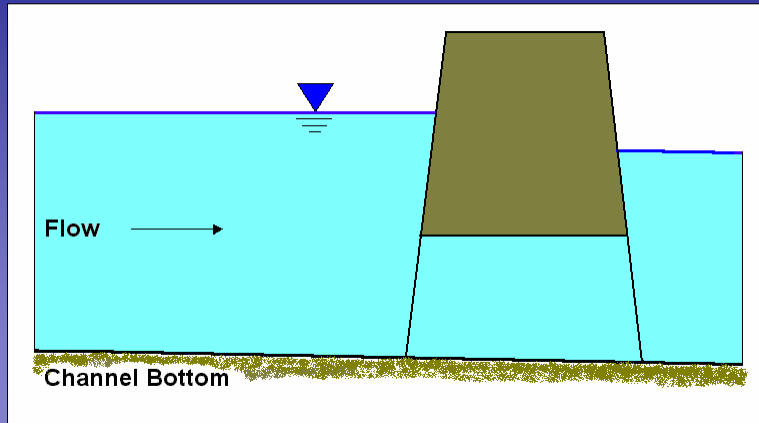
Hydraulics of Culverts: **NORMAL DEPTH**



Everything is parallel!

Depth = f (flow, slope, channel characteristics)

Hydraulics of Culverts: **BACKWATER**



A constriction to flow will create BACKWATER...

Hydraulics of Culverts: **Subcritical Flow** vs. **Supercritical Flow**

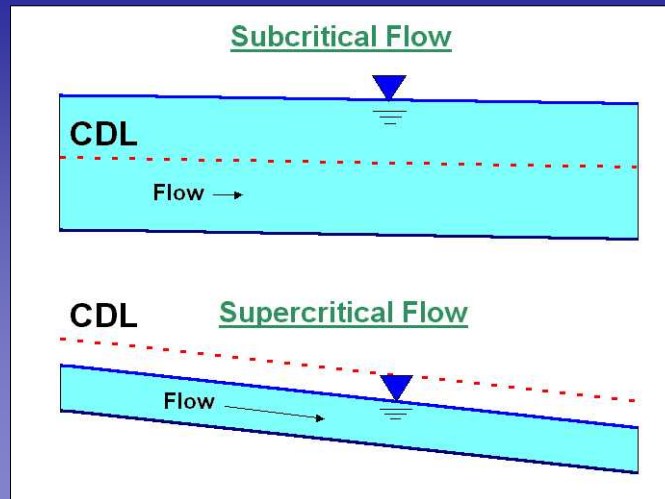
Drop a rock into the flow....

What happens?

Put an obstruction into the flow...

What happens?

Hydraulics of Culverts: Subcritical Flow vs. Supercritical Flow



Hydraulics of Culverts: Froude Number

$$Fr = \frac{V}{\sqrt{gy}}$$

Velocity is related to inertial forces...

Depth is related to energy forces...

If $Fr < 1$, Energy Forces dominate (subcritical)

If $Fr > 1$, Momentum dominates (supercritical)

Hydraulics of Culverts: Supercritical Flow

Critical Depth =
 f (flow, channel characteristics)
ONLY!



ANY QUESTIONS?



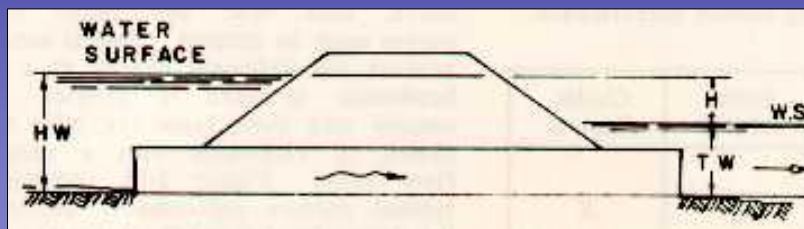
Hydraulics of Culverts:

**Full Flow or
Partly Full Flow?**



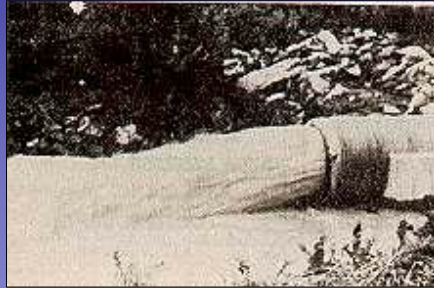
Hydraulics of Culverts:

**Full Flow:
High Tailwater**



Hydraulics of Culverts:

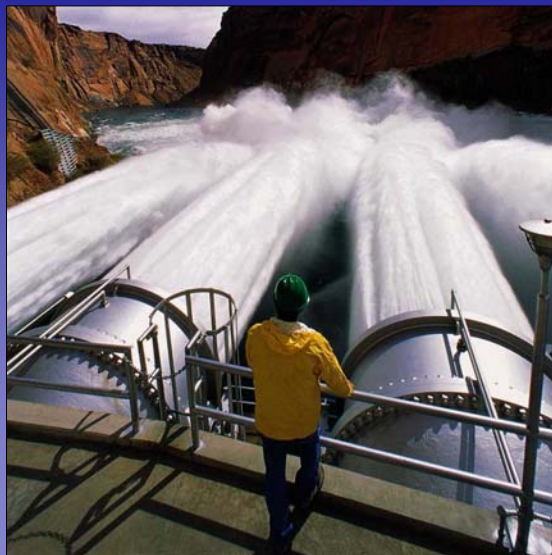
Full Flow:
Low Tailwater



Now, here's another example...

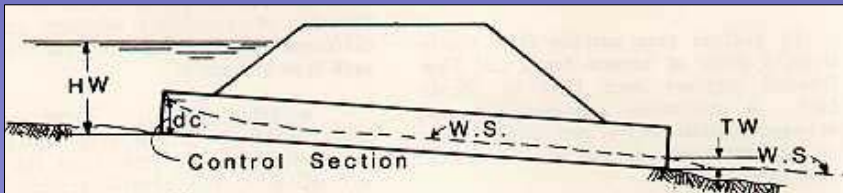
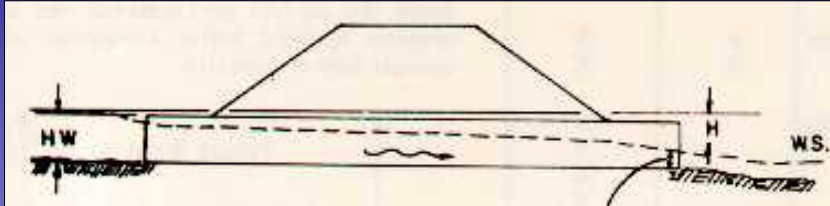
Hydraulics of Culverts:

Full Flow: Low Tailwater



Hydraulics of Culverts:

Partly Full Flow



Hydraulics of Culverts:

CONTROL POINT

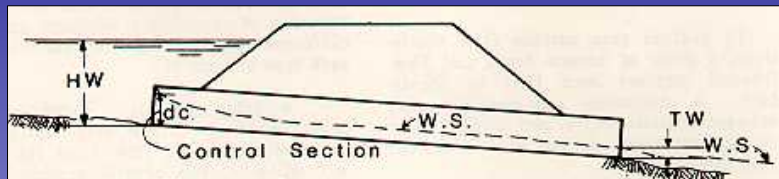
“The point in the water surface profile through the culvert at which there is a unique relationship between the depth and the discharge...”



Uh, Yeah

Hydraulics of Culverts:

CONTROL POINT

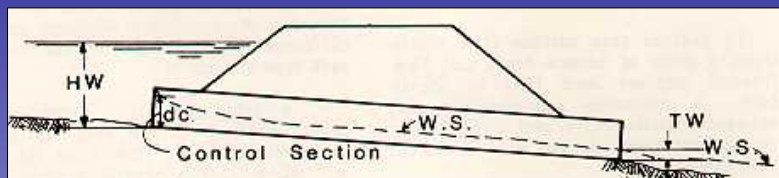


The control point determines what the rest of the water surface profile will look like...

...it's the point where you *know* how to compute the water surface elevation.

Hydraulics of Culverts:

INLET CONTROL

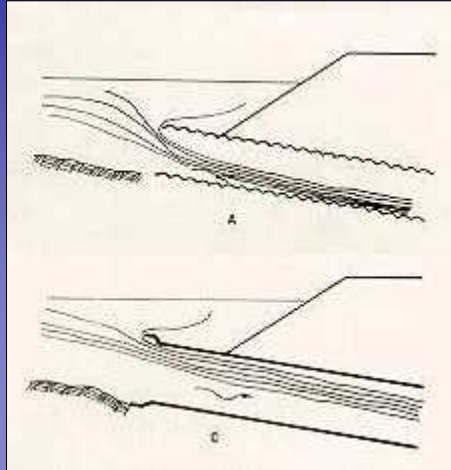


Steep slope -- Flow is Supercritical in the culvert!

Somewhere, an hydraulic jump will occur...

Hydraulics of Culverts:

INLET CONTROL

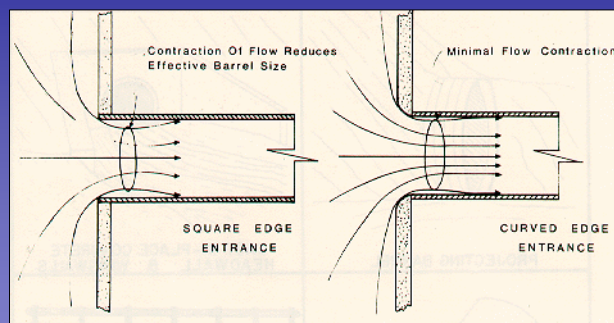


Headwater is
controlled only by
head loss at the inlet!

RCP “Bell” end vs.
CMP thin edge...

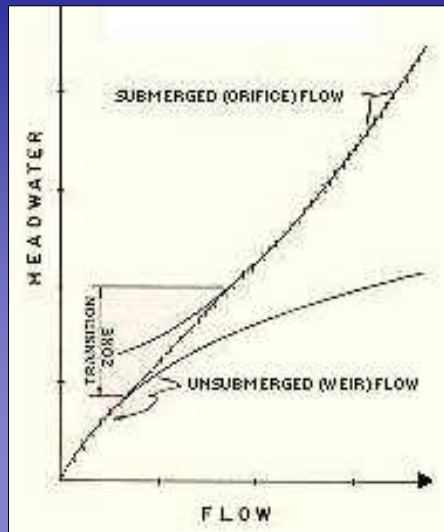
Hydraulics of Culverts:

INLET CONTROL



A cambered entrance will (theoretically) reduce head
loss at the inlet...

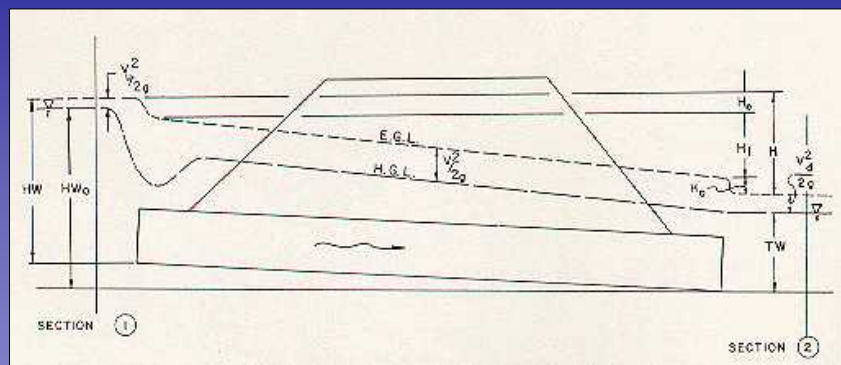
Hydraulics of Culverts: INLET CONTROL



Flows at the Inlet:

Weir Flow
or
Orifice Flow...

Hydraulics of Culverts: OUTLET CONTROL

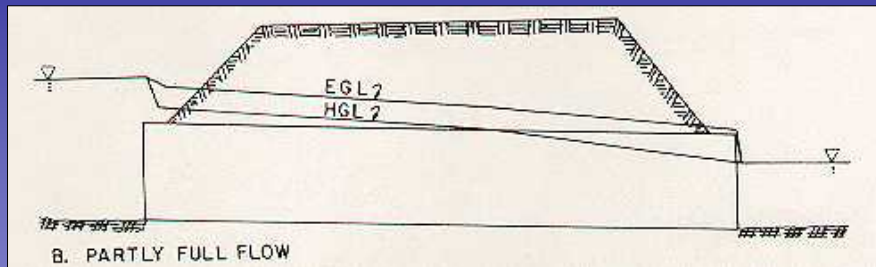


Subcritical flow...

$$HW = f(TW, \text{outlet loss, barrel friction, inlet loss})$$

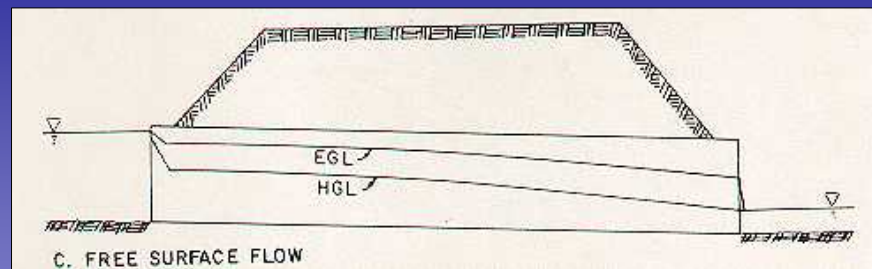
Hydraulics of Culverts:

OUTLET CONTROL

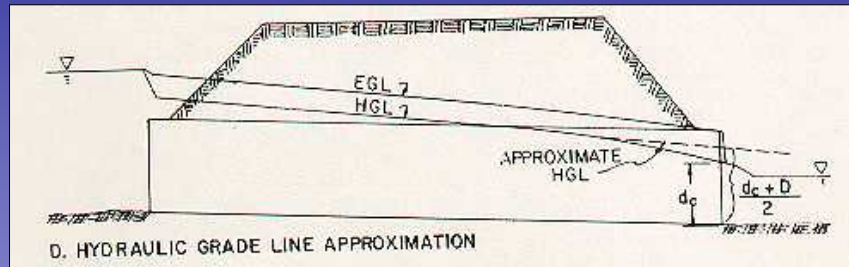


Hydraulics of Culverts:

OUTLET CONTROL



Hydraulics of Culverts:
OUTLET CONTROL



Hydraulic Grade Line Approximation!

$$h_o = (d_c + \text{Rise}) / 2$$

**ANY
QUESTIONS?**



Part Two: Using HY-8 to Design Culverts...



*Start by collecting
the information you
will need...*

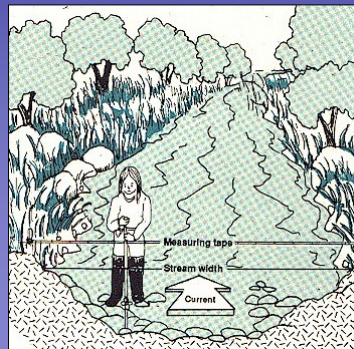
Using HY-8 to Design Culverts

Information you will need

**First, determine the flow rate based
upon the storm frequency...**

For IDNR, use the 100-
year discharge,

For INDOT...



Using HY-8 to Design Culverts

For INDOT...

there are three criteria to consider:

Functional Classification	Allowable Backwater	Roadway Serviceability	Allowable Velocity
Freeway	Q_{100}	Q_{100}	Q_{50}
Multilane Non-Freeways	Q_{100}	Q_{100}	Q_{50}
Two-Lane Facilities			
$AADT \geq 3000$	Q_{100}	Q_{100}	Q_{50}
$3000 > AADT \geq 1000$	Q_{100}	Q_{25}	Q_{25}
$AADT < 1000$	Q_{100}	Q_{10}	Q_{10}
Driveways	Q_{100}	Q_{10}	Q_{10}

Note: The design storm frequency for culvert extension structures is identical to those for new culvert structures. Traffic volumes are for a 20-year projection.

Using HY-8 to Design Culverts

Information you will need

CULVERT DATA :

- Size, Length, Invert Elevations...
- The inlet **MUST** be above the outlet!

Using HY-8 to Design Culverts

Available Shapes in HY-8

HY-8 will analyze...



Round...



Deformed...

Elliptical...

...and pipe arches – But also...

Using HY-8 to Design Culverts

Available Shapes in HY-8



3 and 4-sided boxes...



3-sided arch-boxes...



Super-Span arches and...

Irregular Shapes!

(X, Y-bottom, Y-top)

Using HY-8 to Design Culverts

Available Shapes in HY-8

What would you use for this????



Using HY-8 to Design Culverts

Available Shapes in HY-8

Would you use a Box Shape here?



Using HY-8 to Design Culverts

Available Shapes in HY-8

How about this one????



Using HY-8 to Design Culverts

*Analyzing an
existing culvert is
one thing...*

*...but how do you
select a culvert type
for a new design?*



Using HY-8 to Design Culverts

Selecting a Proposed Shape

Priority System

Trial 1 - Single Circular Pipe

Trial 2 - Single Deformed Pipe

Trial 3 - Single Specialty Structure

Trial 4 - Multiple Circular Pipes

Trial 5 - Multiple Deformed Pipes

Trial 6 - Multiple Specialty Structures

Using HY-8 to Design Culverts

Selecting a Proposed Shape

Pipe Culvert Interior Designation

Smooth Interior:

Manning's $n = 0.012$



Corrugated Interior:

Manning's $n = 0.024$



Using HY-8 to Design Culverts

Selecting a Proposed Shape

Minimum Culvert Size

Structure Application	Minimum Circular Pipe Size	Minimum Deformed Pipe Size
Driveway Culvert	15 inches	1.1 sf (17" x 13")
Mainline/Public Road Approach Culvert (2 lanes)	15 inches	1.1 sf (17" x 13")
Mainline/Public Road Approach Culvert (3 + Lanes)	36 inches	6.5 sf (42" x 29")

Using HY-8 to Design Culverts

Information you will need

ROAD PROFILE DATA :

Either matters a lot, or not at all...

Enter...

- Station and elevation data or
- A constant elevation!

Using HY-8 to Design Culverts

Road Profile Data...

Enter station/
elevation data...



Using HY-8 to Design Culverts

Road Profile Data...

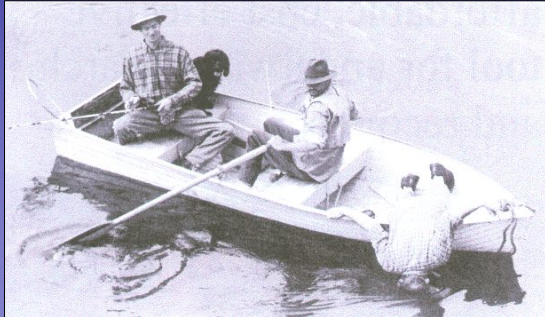
Enter a
constant
elevation...



Using HY-8 to Design Culverts

Information you will need...

TAILWATER CROSS SECTION:



HY-8 uses a single stream cross section at the downstream end of the culvert

So, what options do you have to define this cross section?

Using HY-8 to Design Culverts

Determining a Tailwater Cross Section...

Options...

1. “Regular” cross sections: Rectangular, Trapezoidal, Triangular...
2. “Irregular” (Station – Elevation Data)
3. “Known” rating curve...
4. Constant elevation

Using HY-8 to Design Culverts

Determining a Tailwater Cross Section...

What would you use for this?



Using HY-8 to Design Culverts

Determining a Tailwater Cross Section...

What would you use for this?



Using HY-8 to Design Culverts

Determining a Tailwater Cross Section...

What would you use for this?



Using HY-8 to Design Culverts

Determining a Tailwater Cross Section...

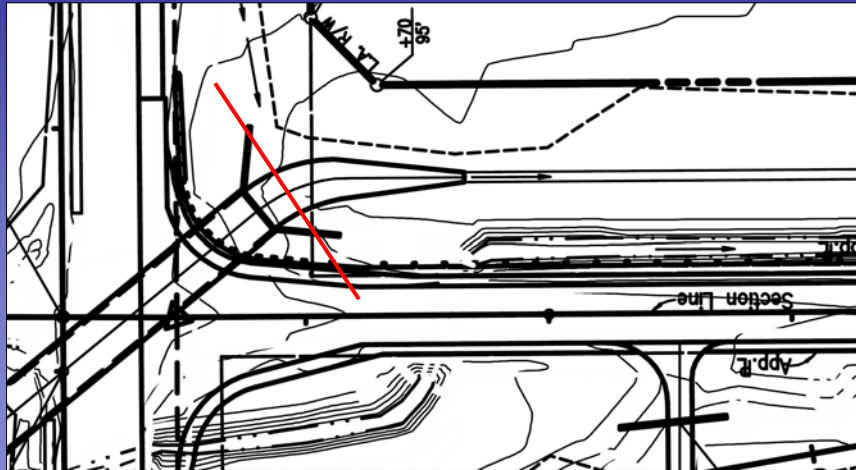
What would you use for this?



Using HY-8 to Design Culverts

Determining a Tailwater Cross Section...

Would you take the cross section here?



***ANY
QUESTIONS?***



Using HY-8 to Design Culverts

**LET'S TRY A
DESIGN EXAMPLE!**

*But remember to always check
your results!*

